1 **CHAPTER 802. INTEGRITY OF THE TEXAS WORKFORCE SYSTEM** 2 3 ADOPTED RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS 4 **REGISTER. THIS DOCUMENT WILL HAVE NO SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES BUT IS** 5 SUBJECT TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED BY THE TEXAS REGISTER. 6 7 The Texas Workforce Commission (Commission) adopts the following new section to Chapter 8 802, relating to Integrity of the Texas Workforce System, without changes, as published in the 9 August 8, 2014, issue of the *Texas Register* (39 TexReg 6033): 10 11 Subchapter B. Contracting, §802.22 12 13 PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY 14 PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS 15 16 PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY 17 The purpose of the adopted Chapter 802 rule change is to set forth a formal process for Local 18 Workforce Development Boards (Boards) to procure workforce service providers and specify an 19 initial contract period of at least one year, not to exceed two years, and with subsequent renewals 20 not to exceed a maximum of five years, prior to a new procurement. In determining whether to 21 extend a contract for the option period, Boards shall consider the provider's performance, 22 oversight of services, reasonableness of cost, and any other locally developed criteria. 23 24 Currently, Chapter 802 does not specify or define a contract period for Board-executed contracts 25 regarding workforce service provider procurement. As a result, some contracts are awarded for 26 extended periods without the benefit of new procurement. 27 28 The Agency's Financial Manual for Grants and Contracts §14.3 states that the procurement of all 29 goods and services must be conducted, to the maximum extent practical, in a manner providing 30 full and open competition that: 31 --promotes competition between suppliers, resulting in the best value for the money; and 32 --offers transparency that helps mitigate favoritism. 33 34 The Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) governs federal agency procurements. Boards are 35 not required to comply with FAR, however, its guidance is the basis for FMGC policies. FAR 36 defines multiyear contracting in 48 CFR Part 17 as a contract for the purchase of supplies or 37 services for more than one--but not more than five--program years. Although a multiyear 38 contract requires diligence in ongoing oversight, its benefits include reducing paperwork, 39 stabilizing services, and a more balanced contract management workload. 40 41 The intent of this amendment is to: 42 --allow the Commission to promote full and open competition while providing Boards with 43 contract flexibility at the local level; and 44 --define the maximum length of time for a service provider contract without a new procurement. 45 46

1	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS		
2	(Note: Minor editorial changes are made that do not change the meaning of the rules and,		
3	therefore, are not discussed in the Explanation of Individual Provisions.)		
4			
5	SUBCHAPTER B. CONTRACTING		
6	The Commission adopts the following amendments to Subchapter B:		
7			
8	New §802.22. Board Contract Limits		
9	New §802.22(1) adds that Boards shall procure a workforce service provider for an initial period		
10	of at least one year, not to exceed two years, allowing for subsequent renewals during an option		
11	period following the conclusion of the initial procurement period.		
12			
13	New §802.22(2) adds that when procuring a new workforce service provider, Boards shall ensure		
14	that the initial procurement and subsequent renewals do not exceed a maximum of five years		
15	total.		
16			
17	Boards are expected to timely conduct procurements, as appropriate, to ensure full and fair		
18	competition. Boards must review their current contracts and, consistent with existing		
19	obligations, align their practices with these requirements moving forward. Where a Board's		
20	existing contract exceeds the five-year limit under this new rule, the Board will be expected to		
21	re-procure at the next renewal point. Boards must timely prepare for re-procurement in order to		
22	minimize any holdover period beyond five years. The Board's procurement efforts, negotiation		
23	issues, and individual circumstances will be taken into consideration in determining the		
24	reasonableness of any holdover period.		
25			
26	New §802.22(3) adds that when determining whether to renew a contract during the option		
27	period following the completion of the initial procurement period, Boards shall consider a		
28	workforce service provider's performance, oversight of services, reasonableness of cost, and any		
29	other locally developed criteria.		
30			
31	No comments were received.		
32			
33	The Agency hereby certifies that the adoption has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to		
34	be within the Agency's legal authority to adopt.		
35			
36	The rules are adopted under Texas Labor Code §301.0015 and §302.002(d), which provide the		
37	Texas Workforce Commission with the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal such rules as it		
38	deems necessary for the effective administration of Agency services and activities.		
39			
40	The adopted rules affect Title 4, Texas Labor Code, particularly Chapters 301 and 302.		
41			

1	CHAP	FER 802. INTEGRITY OF THE TEXAS WORKFORCE SYSTEM	
2 3 4	SUBCHAPTER B. CONTRACTING		
5	§802.22. Board Contract Limits.		
6 7 8	In procuring a new workforce service provider, Boards shall:		
9 10 11 12	(1)	procure the workforce service provider for an initial period of at least one year, not to exceed two years, allowing for subsequent renewals during an option period following the conclusion of the initial procurement period;	
13 14 15	(2)	ensure that the initial procurement and subsequent renewals do not exceed a maximum of five years total; and	
16 17 18 19 20	(3)	in determining whether to renew a contract during the option period following the completion of the initial procurement period, consider the workforce service provider's performance, oversight of services, reasonableness of cost, and any other locally developed criteria.	