1	CHAPTER 819. TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION
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3	ADOPTED RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS
4	REGISTER. THIS DOCUMENT WILL HAVE NO SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES BUT IS
5	SUBJECT TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED BY THE TEXAS REGISTER.
6 7	ON APRIL 24, 2018, THE TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION ADOPTED THE BELOW
8	RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE <i>TEXAS REGISTER</i> .
o 9	KULES WITH FREAMDLE TO BE SUDWITTED TO THE TEAAS REGISTER.
10	Estimated date of publication in the Texas Register: May 11, 2018
11	The rules will take effect: May 14, 2018
12	The fulles will take effect. May 14, 2010
13	The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) adopts amendments to the following sections of
14	Chapter 819, relating to TWC's Civil Rights Division (CRD), <i>with</i> changes, as published in the
15	February 16, 2018, issue of the <i>Texas Register</i> (43 TexReg 856):
16	
17	Subchapter H. Discriminatory Housing Practices, §§819.122 and 819.136
18	Subchapter I. Texas Fair Housing Act Complaints and Investigations Process [Title]
19	Subchapter K. Fair Housing Administrative Hearings and Judicial Review, §§819.194,
20	819.199, and 819.200
21	
22	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
23	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS WITH COMMENTS AND RESPONSES
24	
25	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
26	The purpose of the adopted Chapter 819 rule change is to align the CRD rules with US
27	Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) federal regulations, and comply with
28	amendments to the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA" or Texas Government Code, Chapter
29	2001), pursuant to Senate Bill 1446, enacted by the 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session
30	(2017), and signed into law effective September 1, 2017.
31 32	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS WITH COMMENTS AND
32 33	RESPONSES
33 34	(Note: Minor editorial changes are made that do not change the meaning of the rules and,
35	therefore, are not discussed in the Explanation of Individual Provisions.)
36	alorororo, are not also associal are Emplanation of martiadal 110 (islonis)
37	SUBCHAPTER H. DISCRIMINATORY HOUSING PRACTICES
38	TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter H:
39	
40	<u>§819.122. Three Exemptions Based on Familial Status</u>
41	Section 819.122(a) is amended to align with HUD's regulation at 24 CFR §100.302 to clarify
42	that the first exemption only applies to federal or state programs that the HUD Secretary
43	determines are specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons.
44	
45	§819.136. Prohibited Interference, Coercion, Intimidation, or Retaliation

1 2 3 4 5	Section 819.136 adds a provision that makes it unlawful, in accordance with HUD regulations at 24 CFR §§100.400 and 100.600, to retaliate against a person who reports a discriminatory housing practice or to harass a person because of race, color, religion, sex, familial status, national origin, or disability.
6 7 8 9	Comment: Two commenters support adoption of proposed rules with the following changes to §819.136 to more closely align with the corresponding federal regulations in 24 CFR 100.600 (2017):
10 11 12 13 14	 (1) Amend §819.136 to incorporate the following sentence from 24 CFR §100.600(a)(1) (2017) regarding quid pro quo harassment: "An unwelcome request or demand may constitute quid pro quo harassment even if a person acquiesces in the unwelcome request or demand."
15 16 17 18 19	(2) Amend §819.136 to incorporate the following sentence from 24 CFR §100.600(a)(2) (2017) regarding hostile environment harassment: "Hostile environment harassment does not require a change in the economic benefits, terms, or conditions of the dwelling or housing-related services or facilities, or of the residential real-estate transaction."
20 21 22 23	Response: TWC agrees with the commenters and has incorporated the recommended federal quid pro quo harassment and hostile environment language into §§819.136(b)(7)(A) and (B), respectively, to provide further guidance to housing providers and consumers.
24	SUBCHAPTER I. TEXAS FAIR HOUSING ACT COMPLAINTS AND
25	INVESTIGATIONS PROCESS
26	TWC updates the title of Subchapter I to read "Texas Fair Housing Act Complaints and
27	Investigations Process."
28	
29	SUBCHAPTER K. FAIR HOUSING ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND JUDICIAL
30 31	<u>REVIEW</u> TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter K:
32	I we adopts the following amendments to Subchapter K.
32	§819.194. Notice of Hearing
34	Section 819.194 adds that an attachment that incorporates, by reference, the factual matters
35	asserted in a complaint constitutes an acceptable option for the information required with a
36	notice of hearing.
37	
38	<u>§819.199. Commission Decision</u>
20	<u>solv:177. Commission Decision</u>
39	Section 819.199 adds language to:
40	Section 819.199 adds language to: specify the acceptable methods that TWC may use to notify each party to a contested case of
40 41	Section 819.199 adds language to: specify the acceptable methods that TWC may use to notify each party to a contested case of any decision or order of TWC's three-member Commission (Commission); and
40 41 42	Section 819.199 adds language to: specify the acceptable methods that TWC may use to notify each party to a contested case of any decision or order of TWC's three-member Commission (Commission); and clarify when a Commission decision becomes final following timely submission of a motion
40 41	Section 819.199 adds language to: specify the acceptable methods that TWC may use to notify each party to a contested case of any decision or order of TWC's three-member Commission (Commission); and

- Comment: One commenter recommends removal of the phrase "by first-class mail" from the
 first sentence of §819.199(c), as it changes the meaning of the subsection and because first class mail is one of the delivery methods specified in subdivision (3).
 - **Response:** TWC has corrected the error by removing the phrase "first-class mail" from the introductory sentence of §819.199(c).
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9 §819.200. Motion for Rehearing

- 10 Section 819.200 adds language to specify that a party filing a motion for rehearing or a reply to a
- motion for rehearing must serve a copy on each party using the newly enacted notification
 methods set forth in §819.199(c).
- 13

14 **COMMENTS WERE RECEIVED FROM:**

- 15 Fred Fuchs, Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc.
- 16 Juliana Gonzales, Austin Tenants' Council
- 17
- 18 TWC hereby certifies that the adoption has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be
- 19 within TWC's legal authority to adopt.
- 20
- 21 The rules are adopted under Texas Labor Code §301.0015 and §302.002(d), which provide TWC
- 22 with the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal such rules as it deems necessary for the effective
- 23 administration of TWC services and activities.
- 24
- 25 The adopted rules affect Texas Government Code, Chapter 552.
- 26

1 **CHAPTER 819. TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION** 2 3 SUBCHAPTER H. DISCRIMINATORY HOUSING PRACTICES 4 5 §819.122. Three Exemptions Based on Familial Status. 6 7 (a) Discrimination prohibitions under the Texas Fair Housing Act based on familial 8 status do not apply to housing provided under any federal or state program that the 9 US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Secretary has 10 determined is designed and operated specifically to assist elderly individuals persons, 11 as defined in the federal or state program. 12 13 (b) Discrimination prohibitions under the Texas Fair Housing Act based on familial 14 status do not apply to housing intended for and solely occupied by individuals 62 15 years of age or older. This exemption shall apply regardless of the fact that: 16 17 (1) there were individuals residing in such housing on September 13, 1988, who were under 62 years of age, provided that all new occupants are 62 years of 18 19 age or older; 20 21 (2) there are unoccupied units, provided that such units are reserved for occupancy 22 for individuals 62 years of age or older; or 23 24 (3) there are units occupied by employees of the housing (and family members 25 residing in the same unit) who are under 62 years of age provided they perform 26 substantial duties directly related to the management or maintenance of the 27 housing. 28 29 (c) Discrimination prohibitions under the Texas Fair Housing Act based on familial 30 status do not apply to housing intended and operated for occupancy by individuals 55 31 years of age or older if: 32 33 (1)at least 80 percent of the units in the housing facility are occupied by at least 34 one person 55 years of age or older. However: 35 36 (A) a newly constructed housing facility for first occupancy after March 12, 37 1989, need not comply with this 80 percent occupancy requirement until 38 25 percent of the units in the facility are occupied; and 39 40 **(B)** a housing facility or community may not evict, refuse to renew leases, or 41 otherwise penalize families with children in order to achieve occupancy 42 of at least 80 percent of the occupied units by at least one person 55 43 years of age or older; 44 45 (2) the owner or manager of a housing facility publishes and adheres to policies and procedures that demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide 46

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1 2 3 4		othe	ing for individuals 55 years of age or older. The following factors, among rs, are relevant in determining whether the owner or manager of a housing ity has complied with the requirements of this paragraph:
5 6 7		(A)	The manner in which the housing facility is described to prospective residents;
8 9		(B)	The nature of any advertising designed to attract prospective residents;
10 11		(C)	Age verification procedures;
12 13		(D)	Lease provisions;
13 14 15		(E)	Written rules and regulations;
16 17		(F)	Actual practices of the housing facility or community; and
18 19		(G)	Public posting in common areas of statements describing the facility or community as housing for individuals 55 years of age or older; and
20 21	(3)		ousing facility satisfies the requirements of this section regardless of the
22 23		fact	
24 25 26 27		(A)	as of September 13, 1988, under 80 percent of the occupied units in the housing facility were occupied by at least one person 55 years of age or older, provided that at least 80 percent of the units that were occupied by new occupants after September 13, 1988, were occupied by at least one
28 29		(-)	person 55 years of age or older;
30 31 32		(B)	there are unoccupied units, provided that at least 80 percent of such units are reserved for occupancy by at least one person 55 years of age or older; and
33 34 35 36		(C)	there are units occupied by employees of the housing facility (and family members residing in the same unit) who are under 55 years of age provided they perform substantial duties directly related to the
37 38			management or maintenance of the housing.
39 40 41		ohibi rassr	ted Interference, Coercion, Intimidation, or -Retaliation <u>, or</u> nent
41 42 43 44 45 46	perso or en in the	on in t joyed	ful to interfere, coerce, intimidate, or retaliate against, <u>or harass</u> any he exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that person having exercised , or on account of that person having aided or encouraged any other person cise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected by the Texas Fair ct.

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2 3	(b)	Prohibited conduct made unlawful under this section includes, but is not limited to:
4 5 6 7 8		(1) coercing a person, either orally, in writing, or by other means, to deny or limit the benefits provided that person in connection with the sale or rental of a dwelling or in connection with a residential real estaterelated transaction based on race, color, disability, religion, sex, national origin, or familial status;
9 10 11 12 13 14		(2) threatening, intimidating, or interfering with individuals in their enjoyment of a dwelling based on race, color, disability, religion, sex, national origin, or familial status of such individuals, or of visitors or associates of such individuals;
15 16 17 18 19 20		(3) threatening an employee or agent with dismissal or an adverse employment action, or taking such adverse employment action, for any effort to assist a person seeking access to the sale or rental of a dwelling or seeking access to any residential real estaterelated transaction, based on the race, color, disability, religion, sex, national origin, or familial status of that person or of any person associated with that individual;
21 22 23 24 25		(4) intimidating or threatening any person because that person is engaging in activities designed to make other individuals aware of, or encouraging such other individuals to exercise rights granted or protected by this chapter; and
26 27 28		(5) retaliating against any person because that person has made a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in a proceeding under the Texas Fair Housing Act:-
29 30 31 32		(6) retaliating against any person because that person reported a discriminatory housing practice to a housing provider or other authority ;- and
32 33 34 35		(7) harassing any person because of race, color, religion, sex, familial status, national origin, or disability:
36 37 38 39		(A) Quid pro quo harassment. Quid pro quo harassment refers to an unwelcome request or demand to engage in conduct where submission to the request or demand, either explicitly or implicitly, is made a condition related to the sale, rental, or availability of a dwelling; the terms,
40 41 42 43		conditions, or privileges of the sale or rental, or the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith; or the availability, terms, or conditions of a residential real estate-related transaction. An unwelcome request or demand may constitute quid pro quo harassment even if a
44 45		person acquiesces in the unwelcome request or demand.

1		(B) Hostile environment harassment. Hostile environment harassment refers to						
2		unwelcome conduct that is sufficiently severe or pervasive as to interfere						
3		with the availability, sale, rental, or use or enjoyment of a dwelling; the						
4		terms, conditions, or privileges of the sale or rental, or the provision or						
5		enjoyment of services or facilities in connection therewith; or the						
6		availability, terms, or conditions of a residential real estate-related						
7		transaction. Hostile environment harassment does not require a change						
8		in the economic benefits, terms, or conditions of the dwelling or						
9		housing-related services or facilities, or of the residential real-estate						
10		transaction.						
11								
12 13 14	SUBCHAPTER I. TEXAS FAIR HOUSING ACT COMPLAINTS AND APPEALSINVESTIGATIONS PROCESS							
14	SUBCHAPT	ER K. FAIR HOUSING ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND JUDICIAL						
16	REVIEW							
17								
18	88191	94. Notice of Hearing.						
19	3017.1	74. Notice of fical mg.						
20	(a)	The Agency shall assign a hearing officer and mail a notice of hearing to the parties						
20	(u)	and/or their designated representatives. The notice of hearing shall be in writing and						
22		include:						
23								
24		(1) a statement of the date, time, place, and nature of the hearing;						
25		(1) a successful of the tate, third, place, and hattale of the neuring,						
26		(2) a statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to						
27		be held;						
28								
29		(3) a reference to the sections of the statutes and rules involved; and						
30		(5) a reference to the sections of the statutes and futes involved, and						
31		(4) <u>either:</u>						
32								
33		(A) a short, plain statement of the factual matters asserted -; or						
34								
35		(B) an attachment that incorporates by reference the factual matters asserted in						
36		the complaint.						
37								
38	(b)	The notice of hearing shall be issued at least 10 calendar days before the date of the						
39		hearing by sending it to each party's last known address, as shown by Agency						
40		records, by first-class mail.						
41								
42	8819.1	99. Commission Decision.						
43	3017.1							
44	(2)	After the time for filing exceptions and replies to exceptions has expired, the						
45	(a)	Commission shall consider the hearing officer's report and the proposal for decision.						
46		The Commission may adopt the proposal for decision, modify and adopt it, reject it						
10		The commission may adopt the proposal for decision, mounty and adopt it, reject it						

1 2 3 4 5 6	(b)	and issue a Commission decision, or remand the matter to the hearing officer. The Commission shall issue its decision within 60 calendar days of the end of the exceptions period. The hearing officer may extend the period in which the decision may be signed and prepare the decision for the Commission.A Commission decision that is adverse to one or more parties shall be in writing and
7	(-)	signed after a majority vote of the Commission. Such a decision shall include
8		findings of fact and conclusions of law separately stated. Findings of fact, if set forth
9		in statutory language, shall be accompanied by a concise and explicit statement of
10		the underlying facts supporting the findings. Findings of fact shall be based
11		exclusively on the evidence and on matters officially noticed.
12		The Assume shall notify each norty to a contested each of any desision enorder of
13 14	(c)	The Agency shall notify each party to a contested case of any decision or order of the Commission by first-class mail, by using at least one of the following methods
14		of service:
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17		(1) personal service;
18		
19		(2) if agreed to by the party to be notified, service by electronic means sent to the current
20		e-mail address or facsimile number of the party's attorney of record or of the party if
21		the party is not represented by counsel; or
22		
23		(3) first-class, certified, or registered mail sent to the last known address of the
24		party's attorney of record or of the party if the party is not represented by
25		<u>counsel.</u>
26	< • • • •	
27	(d)	A Commission decision becomes final:
28		
29 20		(1) if a motion for rehearing is not filed on time, on the expiration of the period for
30 31		filing a motion for rehearing;
31		(2) if a motion for rehearing is filed on time, on the date:
32		(2) If a motion for renearing is flied on time, on the date.
34		(A) the order overruling the <u>latest filed</u> motion for rehearing is signed; or
35		(if) the order overtuning the <u>intest filed</u> motion for fenetianing is signed, of
36		(B) the <u>latest filed motion for rehearing</u> is overruled by operation of law;
37		
38	(3)	if the Commission finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare
39	. *	requires immediate effect of a decision on the date the decision is signed, provided
40		that the Commission incorporates in the decision a factual and legal basis
41		establishing such imminent peril; or

(4) on the date specified in the decision for a case in which all parties agree to the specified date in writing or on the record, if the specified date is not before the date the decision is signed or later than the 20th day after the date the decision was issued.

§819.200. Motion for Rehearing.

- (a) A motion for rehearing is required to exhaust all administrative remedies. A motion for rehearing must be filed not later than the 25th calendar day after the date the Commission decision is signed, unless the time for filing the motion has been modified by agreement between the parties and approved by the Commission. Any reply to a motion for rehearing shall be filed with the Commission not later than the 40th calendar day after the date the Commission decision is signed. A party filing a motion for rehearing or a reply to a motion for rehearing shall serve a copy on each party within the filing deadline <u>using the notification methods set forth in </u>§819.199(c).
- (b) The Commission may, by written order, extend the time for filing motions and replies and for taking Commission action. No extension may extend the period for Commission action beyond 100 days after the date the decision is signed. In the event of an extension, a motion for rehearing is denied on the date fixed by the written order or, in the absence of a fixed date, 100 days from the date the decision is signed.
- (c) If a party files a motion for rehearing, the Commission may:
 - (1) grant such motion and remand for rehearing;
 - (2) deny such motion, either expressly or by operation of law; or
 - (3) render a decision and issue an order that no rehearing shall be necessary because imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare requires immediate effect be given to the final order.
- (d) If the Commission does not act on the motion for rehearing within 55 calendar days after the date the decision was signed, the motion is denied by operation of law and the decision is final.
- (e) A motion for rehearing must identify with particularity findings of fact or conclusions of law that are the subject of the complaint and any evidentiary or legal ruling claimed to be erroneous. The motion must also state the legal and factual basis for the claimed error.