1	CHAPTER 805. ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY
2	
3	PROPOSED RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS
4	REGISTER. THIS DOCUMENT WILL NOT HAVE ANY SUBSTANTIVE
5	CHANGES BUT IS SUBJECT TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED
6	BY THE TEXAS REGISTER.
7	
8	ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2020, THE TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION PROPOSED
9	THE RULES BELOW WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS
10	REGISTER.
11	
12	Estimated Publication Date of the Proposal in the <i>Texas Register</i> : September 25, 2020
13	Estimated End of Comment Period: October 26, 2020
14	The Town West for Commission (TWC) and the fellowing and the fellowing
15	The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) proposes the following new subchapter to
16	Chapter 805, relating to Adult Education and Literacy:
17 18	Subchapter E. High School Equivalency Subsidy Program, §§805.71 - 805.73
19	Subchapter E. High School Equivalency Substay Flogram, 98003.71 - 803.73
20	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
21	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS
22	PART III. IMPACT STATEMENTS
23	PART IV. COORDINATION ACTIVITIES
24	
25	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY
26	The purpose of the proposed Chapter 805 rule change is to create new Subchapter E,
27	High School Equivalency Subsidy Program, which outlines the program implementation
28	and eligibility requirements of a high school equivalency subsidy program required under
29	House Bill (HB) 3 §1.046, enacted by the 86th Texas Legislature, Regular Session
30	(2019). HB 3 adds new §48.302, Texas Education Code, titled "Subsidy for High School
31	Equivalency Examination for Certain Individuals" and requires the Texas Education
32	Agency (TEA) to enter into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with TWC when
33	transferring funds to provide a subsidy for the cost of a high school equivalency exam for
34	individuals who are 21 years of age or older. It also requires TWC to develop rules
35	addressing program implementation and eligibility requirements for this subsidy
36	program. TEA appropriated \$750,000 each year of the 2020 - 2021 biennium for this
37	program.
38	
39	In early 2020, TEA and TWC worked with the two high school equivalency test
40	publishers approved to operate in Texas, Pearson for the GED and ETS for the HiSET, to
41	create a process that would be administratively efficient for programs managing the
42	distribution of the subsidy at the local level to eligible and test-ready individuals. On
43	February 10, 2020, TEA and TWC entered into an interagency contract to transfer funds
44	to TWC to implement this program. While TWC moved forward to develop rules, the
45	COVID-19 pandemic impacted TWC's ability to implement the program.
46	

- On May 8, 2020, TWC submitted a letter to the Legislative Budget Board requesting that
- 2 any unexpended and unobligated funds for the subsidy program from the current fiscal
- year be transferable to the next fiscal year, beginning September 1, 2020. In this request,
- 4 TWC noted that the reasons it had been unable to expend funding for this program were
- 5 the lack of remote testing options from Pearson and ETS (both of which were in the early
- 6 stages of implementing remote testing guidelines) and the closures of most high school
- 7 equivalency testing centers and their unknown future reopening status. Additionally,
- 8 TWC noted that all appropriated funds for the subsidy program would be fully obligated
- 9 by the end of the biennium.

10

- On March 31, 2020, TWC's three-member Commission (Commission) approved a policy
- 12 concept for the required rule development for both the performance-based funding
- criteria and the high school equivalency subsidy program. This policy concept included
- proposed rule language for the Commission's future consideration and was posted in the
- 15 Texas Register for 30 days for public comment. TWC received comments from two
- 16 commenters.

17

- A separate proposed rulemaking amending TWC Chapter 800 General Administration
- rules, Subchapter F, Interagency Matters, describes the interagency contract adopted by
- 20 TEA and TWC for the high school equivalency subsidy program.

21 22

# PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS

The comments noted in this section reflect those received from one of two commenters during the comment period of April 10, 2020, through May 11, 2020.

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# SUBCHAPTER E. HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY SUBSIDY PROGRAM

**TWC proposes new Subchapter E:** 

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### §805.71. Purpose

New §805.71 describes the purpose of the high school equivalency subsidy program.

30 31 32

# §805.72. Definitions

- New §805.72 provides a list of terms and definitions regarding the high school
- 34 equivalency subsidy program.

35 36

# §805.73. Implementation

- New §805.73 gives direction on how TWC will manage and implement this subsidy
- program via AEL grant recipients and how it will prioritize eligible individuals
  - participating in the AEL program to receive this subsidy.

39 40

- Comment 1: One comment was about the documentation requirements for confirming eligibility for individuals receiving the subsidy and noted concern for
- the possibility of individuals using different names and documentation to receive
- additional benefits from the subsidy.

45

1 2	<b>Response 1</b> : TWC has considered this comment and will release guidance on how an AEL grant recipient can confirm the eligibility of an individual, as defined by
3	"eligible individual" in proposed §805.72.
5	Comment 2: One comment noted that as grant recipients are required to
6	determine an individual's preparedness to take a high school equivalency test,
7 8	additional guidelines are needed; otherwise, the rule should explain that grant recipients are not responsible for a high test-failure rate.
9	
10	<b>Response 2:</b> The proposed rule does not indicate that there are performance
11	measures related to the subsidy program, as this is not required by the legislation.
12	
13	Comment 3: One comment noted that the timing of a midyear evaluation of the
14	subsidy distribution to grant recipients may not accurately address the true
15	demand of test takers.
16	Degrange 2. Dranged rule \$905.72(h) states that TWC staff may indicate a time
17 18	<b>Response 3:</b> Proposed rule §805.73(b) states that TWC staff may indicate a time other than midyear to adjust the distribution of vouchers statewide for
19	Commission approval.
20	Commission approvar.
21	PART III. IMPACT STATEMENTS
22	Chris Nelson, Chief Financial Officer, has determined that for each year of the first five
23 24	years the rules will be in effect, the following statements will apply:
25	There are no additional estimated costs to the state and to local governments expected as
26	a result of enforcing or administering the rules.
27	6
28	There are no estimated cost reductions to the state and to local governments as a result of
29	enforcing or administering the rules.
30	
31	There are no estimated losses or increases in revenue to the state or to local governments
32	as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.
33	
34	There are no foreseeable implications relating to costs or revenue of the state or local
35	governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.
36	
37	There are no anticipated economic costs to individuals required to comply with the rules.
38	
39	There is no anticipated adverse economic impact on small businesses, microbusinesses,
40	or rural communities as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.
41	Pasad on the analysis required by Tayos Gayermant Code \$2001.024. TWC has
42 43	Based on the analyses required by Texas Government Code §2001.024, TWC has determined that the requirement to repeal or amend a rule, as required by Texas
43	Government Code §2001.0045, does not apply to this rulemaking.
44	Government Code \$2001.0043, does not apply to this futernaking.
46	Takings Impact Assessment
. 0	- mingo imparti ibbedoment

- Under Texas Government Code, §2007.002(5), "taking" means a governmental action 1
- 2 that affects private real property, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a
- manner that requires the governmental entity to compensate the private real property 3
- owner as provided by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States 4
- Constitution or the Texas Constitution, §17 or §19, Article I, or restricts or limits the 5
- owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist in the absence of the 6
- governmental action, and is the producing cause of a reduction of at least 25 percent in 7
- the market value of the affected private real property, determined by comparing the 8
- market value of the property as if the governmental action is not in effect and the market 9
- value of the property determined as if the governmental action is in effect. The 10
- Commission completed a Takings Impact Analysis for the proposed rulemaking action 11
- under Texas Government Code, §2007.043. The primary purpose of this proposed 12
- rulemaking action, as discussed elsewhere in this preamble, is to develop rules addressing 13
- the implementation and eligibility requirements of the high school equivalency program 14
- administered by TWC with funds transferred by TEA for this purpose. 15

16 17

- The proposed rulemaking action will not create any additional burden on private real
- property. The proposed rulemaking action will not affect private real property in a 18
- manner that would require compensation to private real property owners under the United 19
- 20 States Constitution or the Texas Constitution. The proposal also will not affect private
- real property in a manner that restricts or limits an owner's right to the property that 21
- would otherwise exist in the absence of the governmental action. Therefore, the proposed 22
- 23 rulemaking will not cause a taking under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007.

24 25

## Government Growth Impact Statement

- TWC has determined that during the first five years the proposed amendments will be in 26 27
- -- the proposed amendments will not create or eliminate a government program; 28
- --implementation of the proposed amendments will not require the creation or elimination 29 of employee positions: 30
- --implementation of the proposed amendments will not require an increase or decrease in 31
- future legislative appropriations to TWC; 32
- 33 -- the proposed amendments will not require an increase or decrease in fees paid to TWC;
- -- the proposed amendments will not create a new regulation; 34
- -- the proposed amendments will not expand, limit, or eliminate an existing regulation; 35
- -- the proposed amendments will not change the number of individuals subject to the 36 rules; and
- 37
- -- the proposed amendments will not positively or adversely affect the state's economy. 38

39

#### 40 Economic Impact Statement and Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

- TWC has determined that the proposed rule will not have an adverse economic impact on 41
- 42 small businesses or rural communities, as the proposed rules place no requirements on
- 43 small businesses or rural communities.

44

- Mariana Vega, Director of Labor Market and Career Information, has determined that 45
- there is no significant negative impact upon employment conditions in the state as a result 46

of the rules.

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Courtney Arbour, Director, Workforce Development Division, has determined that for each year of the first five years the rules are in effect, the public benefit anticipated as a result of enforcing the proposed rules will be to provide a subsidy to eligible individuals for the cost of a high school equivalency exam who may otherwise have to pay for such a cost out-of-pocket, enabling such individuals to obtain a Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency (TxCHSE) certificate.

8 9 10

TWC hereby certifies that the proposal has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be within TWC's legal authority to adopt.

11 12 13

### PART IV. COORDINATION ACTIVITIES

In the development of these rules for publication and public comment, TWC sought the 14 involvement of Texas' 28 Local Workforce Development Boards (Boards). TWC 15 provided the concept paper regarding these rule amendments to the Boards for 16 consideration and review on March 31, 2020. TWC also conducted a conference call with 17 Board executive directors and Board staff on April 10, 2020, to discuss the concept 18 paper. In addition, TWC conducted a conference call with AEL grant recipients and 19 20 providers on April 2, 2020, and on May 7, 2020, and then on April 10, 2020, with Board executive directors and Board staff, to discuss the concept paper and comment period. 21 22 Additionally, information on the concept paper and comment period were posted on the 23 TWC rules web page and on the Texas Center for the Advancement of Literacy & Learning website, which is the website managed by Texas' AEL's professional 24 25 development organization. During the rulemaking process, TWC considered all 26 information gathered in order to develop rules that provide clear and concise direction to

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all parties involved.

- Comments on the proposed rules may be submitted to
- TWCPolicyComments@twc.state.tx.us. Comments must be received no later than 30 days from the date this proposal is published in the *Texas Register*.

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34

The rules are proposed under Texas Labor Code §301.0015 and §302.002(d), which provide TWC with the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal such rules as it deems necessary for the effective administration of TWC services and activities.

35 36

The proposed rules affect Title 4, Texas Labor Code, particularly Chapters 301 and 302.

37 38

1	CHAPTER 805, ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACT
2	
3	SUBCHAPTER E. HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY SUBSIDY PROGRAM
4	§805.71. Purpose.
5	The purpose of the high school equivalency subsidy program, as provided in an
6	interagency contract between the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and the
7	Agency, is to provide subsidized high school examination fees to eligible
8	<u>individuals.</u>
9	
10	<u>§805.72. Definitions.</u>
11	The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the
12	following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
	1010 Hill Inchinings, with contain frame of the Hills.
13	(1) "Eligible high school equivalency subsidy recipient" means a Texas
14	resident who is 21 years of age or older at the time that a voucher for
15	the subsidy is issued to the individual and who lacks a high school
16	diploma or its equivalent.
17	(2) "High school equivalency exam" refers to an exam, as approved by the
18	Texas State Board of Education, for obtaining a Texas Certificate of
19	High School Equivalency (TxCHSE).
20	(3) "Subsidy" is an amount not to exceed the cost of one high school
21	equivalency exam, inclusive of all subject areas, as negotiated by TEA.
	<u> </u>
22	(4) "Subsidy program" refers to the high school equivalency subsidy
23	program.
24	(5) "Voucher" refers to an electronic or paper-based voucher provided to
25	an eligible individual for taking an individualized high school
26	equivalency test.
27	(6) "Voucher allotment" means the annual allotment of vouchers to grant
28	recipients. The allotment is based on the number of high school
29	equivalency tests taken by the participants of each grant recipient.
30 31	§805.73. Implementation.
31	goos.75. Implementation.
32	(a) When implementing the high school equivalency subsidy program, the
33	Agency will prioritize the subsidy to eligible high school equivalency subsidy
34	recipients who are AEL program participants or former AEL participants
35	within 365 days of their program exit. The Agency may provide the subsidy
36	to eligible high school equivalency subsidy recipients who are not current or
37	former AEL participants, based on a plan approved by the Commission.

1 2 3	(b) The Commission will approve an initial voucher allotment to the AEL grant recipient based on high school equivalency test-taking data for the grant recipient.
4	(c) The Commission will approve an initial voucher allotment, by September 1,
5	for each grant recipient. Additionally, the Commission may approve an
6	adjustment of a grant recipient's voucher allotment midyear, or at another
7	time designated by the Commission, based on a grant recipient's voucher
8	usage or demonstrated demand.
9	(d) AEL grant recipients will manage the distribution of vouchers to eligible
10	high school equivalency subsidy recipients and shall confirm the eligibility of
11	a recipient to receive the subsidy via a voucher.